

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 2, line 14 with the following rewritten paragraph:

In general, regular rock bolts are insufficient to withstand such movement and snap. In the past various proposals have been made. One such proposal is the so called DURABAR or DURABOLT (~~South African Patent No. 94/2177~~) invented by D Ortlepp which provides a heavy solid steel bar with a wriggle-like deformation. The bar is grouted in place at installation. As a consequence, in the event of ground movement, the deformed portion of the bar pulls through the grout. Again this absorbs a considerable amount of energy.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 3, line 19 with the following rewritten paragraph:

In accordance with a third aspect of the present invention there is disclosed a method of permitting a grouted rock bolt having a tendon to yield to control the movement of unstable rock strata into which the bolt is installed, said method comprising the steps of:

- (i) providing a portion of said tendon with grout slippage means;
- (ii) fitting at least one grout engaging anchor to said tendon portion and thereby at least partially deforming same;
- (iii) installing said rock bolt in a blind hole drilled in said rock strata;
- (iv) introducing flowing hardenable grout into said hole to surround said bolt tendon and said anchor(s); and

permitting said tendon portion to move through said grout but be worked by movement of said portion through said anchor(s) which is/are substantially immobilized in said grout.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 4, line 31 with the following rewritten paragraph:

As illustrated in FIG 2, the intention of such a bulge 3 is to enable grout 5 which is normally used to surround the cable 1, to better the grip the cable 1 and so provide good keying between the cable 1 and the grout 5. Such grout 5 is often installed by means of a tube 6 of inexpensive plastics material through which the cable 1 passes. An alternative to bolts with a

cable tendon are bolts with a solid tendon. One such bolt is described in ~~International~~Australian Patent Application No. ~~669,393~~-(WO 94/05900) and known as the "CT" bolt.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 31 with the following rewritten paragraph:

Turning now to FIG 8, a first embodiment of a yielding cable bolt 21 is illustrated. The tendon 22 of the bolt 21 is fabricated from the multi-strand steel cable 1 and the near end is provided with the threaded end fitting 23 which cooperates with a load plate 24, grout injector 25 and nut 26. The grout injector 25 works in the general manner described in the abovementioned ~~International~~Australian Patent Application No. ~~669,393~~-(WO 94/05900). In the embodiment illustrated in FIG 8, a single anchor 10 is secured adjacent the free end of the bolt 21, however, in the embodiment illustrated in FIG 9 a pair of spaced part anchors 10 are so secured.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 10 with the following rewritten paragraph:

In the particular embodiment illustrated in FIG 9, three strata 30, 31 and 32 are illustrated and strata 30 and 32 are relatively strong whereas stratum 31 is relatively weak and liable to movement. The tube 8 covers the cable 1 essentially throughout the strata 30 and 31. As a consequence, there is good keying between the cable 1 and the grout 5 in the hole 4 in the area of strata 30 and 31 but the far end of the cable bolt 21 is itself able to move relative to the grout 5 if necessary, notwithstanding that the two anchors 10 are securely fixed within the grout 5 within the stratum 32.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 6, line 32 with the following rewritten paragraph:

FIGS 10 and 11 illustrate a second embodiment which is essentially as before save that prior art tube 6 is provided adjacent the near end of the cable bolt 21 and the far end of the cable bolt 21 is provided with an expansion anchor 35 which is formed as part of the anchor 10, or anchor 10 ~~closer(est)~~ closest to the far tip of the cable. The expansion anchor 35 enables

installation of the bolt in the hole 4 so as to permit post tensioning grouting. In addition, the uncovered region of the tendon 22 (that is without the tube 8) is provided with a number of bulges 2 which function, as before, to increase the keying or interengagement between, the cable 1 and the grout 5.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 12, line 2 with the following rewritten paragraph:

~~The present invention discloses a~~ A rock bolt having a tendon (1, 201) which is able to yield and thereby control movement of unstable rock strata into which the bolt is installed. The tendon has a portion which is provided with a grout slippage mechanism, preferably in the form of a tube (8) which surrounds the tendon. A two part grout anchor (10, 100, 200) is clamped to the tendon. The grout anchor is embedded in grout and is therefore essentially immovable. The tendon passing through the anchor is worked and thereby dissipates energy. The tendon can be either a multi-strand cable (1) or a solid bar (200). ~~Various forms of anchor (10, 200) are disclosed with either complementary recess(es) (14) and protrusion(s) (15) or opposed protrusions (115) which form pinch point(s). A one piece grout anchor (300) is also disclosed.~~